

Data sheet acquired from Harris Semiconductor SCHS054

CD4069UB Types

CMOS Hex Inverter

High-Voltage Types (20-Volt Rating)

■ CD4069UB types consist of six CMOS inverter circuits. These devices are intended for all general-purpose inverter applications where the medium-power TTL-drive and logic-level-conversion capabilities of circuits such as the CD4009 and CD4049 Hex Inverter/Buffers are not required.

The CD4069UB-Series types are supplied in 14-lead hermetic dual-in-line ceramic packages (D and F suffixes), 14-lead dual-in-line plastic package (E suffix), and in chip form (H suffix).

Features:

- Standardized symmetrical output characteristics
- Medium Speed Operation—tpHL,tpLH=30 ns (typ.) at 10 V
- 100% tested for quiescent current at 20 V
- Maximum input current of 1 μA at 18 V over full package-temperature range; 100 nA at 18 V and 25°C
- Meets all requirements of JEDEC Tentative Standard No. 13B, "Standard Specifications for Description of 'B' Series CMOS Devices"

Applications:

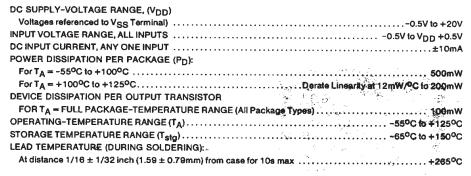
- Logic inversion
- Pulse shaping
- Oscillators
- High-input-impedance amplifiers

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

For maximum reliability, nominal operating conditions should be selected so that operation is always within the following ranges:

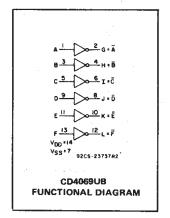
CHARACTERISTIC	LIN	UNITS		
	Min.	Max.]	
Supply Voltage Range (For TA = Full Package Temperature Range)	3	18		

MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute-Maximum Values:



DYNAMIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T $_A$ = 25°C; Input t_{γ} , t_{f} = 20 ns, C $_L$ = 50 pF, R $_L$ = 200 K Ω

	CONDITIONS	LIMITS					
CHARACTERISTIC	V _{DD}		UNITS				
		V	Тур.	Max.			
		5	55	110	ns		
Propagation Delay Time;	^t PLH ^{, t} PHL	10	30	60			
		15	25	50			
		5	100	200			
Transition Time;	tTHL, tTLH	10	50	100	ns		
		15	40	80	80		
Input Capacitance;	CIN	Any Input	10	15	ρF		



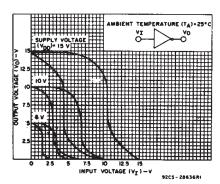


Fig. 1 — Minimum and maximum voltage transfer characteristics.

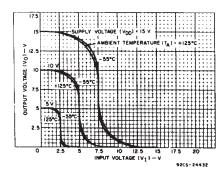


Fig. 2 — Typical voltage transfer characteristics as a function of temperature.

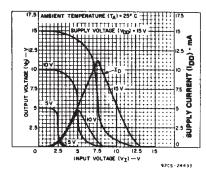


Fig. 3 — Typical current and voltage transfer characteristics.

CD4069UB Types

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTER-	CONDITIONS			LIMITS AT INDICATED TEMPERATURES (°C)									
ISTIC	Vo	VIN	VDD					+25			UNITS		
	(V)	(V)	(V)	-55	-40	+85	+125	Min.	Тур.	Max.]		
Quiescent Device Current, IDD Max.		0,5	5	0.25	0.25	7.5	7.5	-	0.01	0.25	μΑ		
		0,10	10	0.5	0.5	15	15	-	0.01	0.5			
		0,15	15	1	1	30	30		0.01	1			
		0,20	20	5	5	150	150		0.02	5			
Output Low (Sink) Current IOL Min.	0.4	0,5	5	0.64	0.61	0.42	0.36	0.51	1	-			
	0.5	0,10	10	1.6	1.5	1.1	0.9	1.3	2.6	_			
	1.5	0,15	15	4.2	4	2.8	2.4	3 4	6.8	_			
Output High	4.6	0,5	5	-0.64	-0.61	-0.42	-0.36	-0.51	-1	-	mA		
(Source) Current, IOH Min.	2.5	0,5	5	-2	-1.8	-1.3	-1.15	-1.6	-3.2	-			
	9,5	0,10	10	-1.6	-1.5	-1.1	-0.9	-1.3	-2.6	_			
	13.5	0,15	15	-4.2	-4	-2.8	-2.4	-3.4	-6.8	-			
Output Voltage:	_	5	5	0.05				_	0	0.05			
Low-Level, VOL Max.	-	10	10	0.05				_	-0	0.05			
VOL 1918A.	· -	15	15	0.05				0.	0.05	v			
Output Voltage:		0	5	4.95			4.95	5	-	V			
High-Level, VOH Min.		0	10		9	.95		9.95	10	-			
		0	15		14.95 14.95 15 -				-				
Input Low Voltage, VIL Max.	4.5	_	5			î		_	_	1			
	9		10			2				2			
	13.5	-	15		2	.5		_	_	2.5			
Input High Voltage, VIH Min.	0.5	_	5	4			4	-	-	V			
	1	-	10	8 8									
	1.5		15		12.5 12.5 — -				_]			
Input Current I _{IN} Max.		0,18	18	±0.1	±0.1	±1	±1	_	±10 ⁻⁵	±0.1	μΑ		

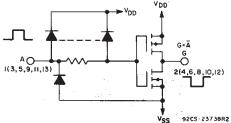


Fig. 6 - Schematic diagram of one of six identical inverters.

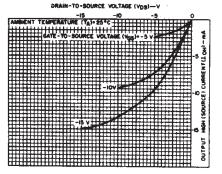


Fig. 9 — Minimum output high (source) current characteristics.

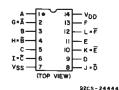


Fig. 7 - CD4069UB terminal assignment.

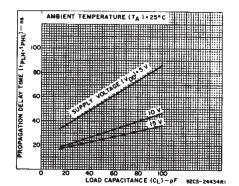


Fig. 10 - Typical propagation delay time vs. load capacitance.

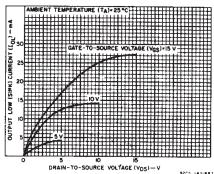


Fig. 4 – Typical output low (sink) current characteristics.

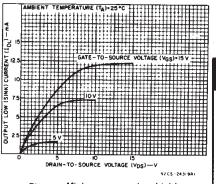


Fig. 5 = Minimum output low (sink) current characteristics.

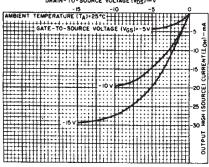


Fig. 8 — Typical output high (source) current characteristics.

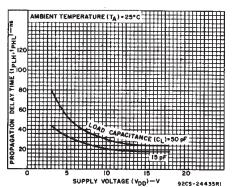


Fig. 11 — Typical propagation delay time vs. supply voltage.

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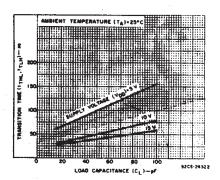


Fig. 12 - Typical transition time vs. load canacitance.

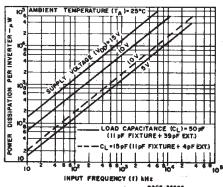


Fig. 13 — Typical dynamic power dissipation vs. frequency.

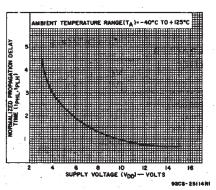


Fig. 14 - Variation of normalized propagation delay time (t_{PHL} and t_{PLH}) with supply voltage.

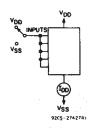


Fig. 15 - Quiescent device current test circuit,

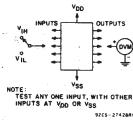
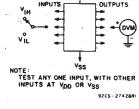
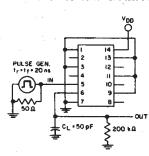


Fig. 16 - Noise immunity test circuit.





VDD. -- 90% --10%0 -- 50 % ---10%0 92CM-24443Rt

Fig. 18 - Dynamic electrical characteristics test circuit and waveforms.



Fig. 20 - High-input impedance amplifier.

92CS-24439RI

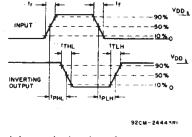


Fig. 21 - Typical RC oscillator circuit.

92CS-24438R2

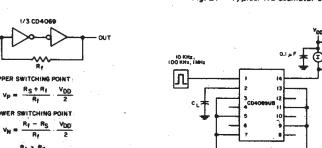


Fig. 22 - Input pulse shaping circuit (Schmitt trigger).

92CS - 24440RI

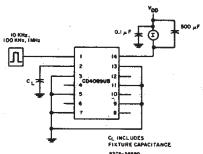


Fig. 23 - Dynamic power dissipation test circuit.

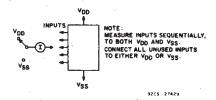


Fig. 17 - Input leakage current test circuit.

APPLICATIONS

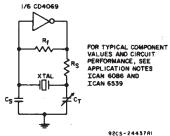
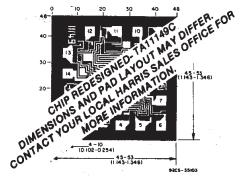


Fig. 19 - Typical crystal oscillator circuit.



Dimensions and pad layout for CD4069UBH.

Dimensions in parentheses are in millimeters and are derived from the basic inch dimensions as indicated. Grid graduations are in mils (10^{-3} inch).

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